



STATE OF WISCONSIN
Department of Safety and Professional Services

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Governor Scott Walker

Secretary Dave Ross

November 22, 2011

Ben Kollenbroich
Town of Dunn
4156 County Road B
Mc Farland, Wisconsin 53558-9754

RE: **Final Closure**
PECFA # 53711-5973-23-A DNR BRRTS # 02-13-552570
Popp Property (Former), 4423 Goodland Park Road, Madison

Dear Mr. Kollenbroich:

The Wisconsin Department of Safety and Professional Services (DPS) has reviewed the request for case closure prepared by your consultant, SCS BT Squared, for the site referenced above. It is understood that residual soil contamination remains on site. DPS has determined that this site does not pose a significant threat to human health and the environment. No further investigation or remedial action is necessary.

This site is now listed as "closed" on the DPS database and will be included on the Department of Natural Resources (DNR) Geographic Information System (GIS) Registry of Closed Remediation Sites to address residual soil and groundwater contamination. To review all sites on the GIS Registry web page, visit <http://dnr.wi.gov/org/aw/rr/gis/index.htm>. As residual contamination remains at the time of case closure, if you intend to construct or reconstruct a potable well on this property, you must get prior DNR approval.

All current and future owners and occupants of the property need to be aware that excavation of contaminated soil may pose a hazard. Special precautions may be needed to prevent inhalation, ingestion or dermal contact with the residual contamination when it is removed. If soil is excavated, the property owner at the time of excavation must have the soil sampled and analyzed to determine if residual contamination remains. If sampling confirms that contamination is present, the property owner at the time of excavation must determine whether the material would be considered solid or hazardous waste and ensure that any storage, treatment or disposal is in compliance with applicable statutes and rules.

Depending on site-specific conditions, construction over contaminated materials may result in vapor migration into enclosed structures or along newly placed underground utility lines. The potential for vapor inhalation and migration should be evaluated when planning any future redevelopment, and measures should be taken to ensure the continued protection of public health, safety, welfare and the environment at the site.

Costs for sampling and excavation activities conducted after case closure are not eligible for PECFA reimbursement. However, if it is determined that any undisturbed remaining petroleum contamination poses a threat, the case may be reopened and further investigation or remediation may be required. If this case is reopened, any original claim under the PECFA fund would also reopen and you may apply for assistance to the extent of remaining eligibility. It is in your best interest to keep all documentation related to environmental activities at your site.

Timely filing of your final PECFA claim (if applicable) is encouraged. If your claim is not received within 120 days of the date of this letter, interest costs incurred after 60 days from the date of this letter will not be eligible for PECFA reimbursement.

Thank you for your efforts to bring this case to closure. If you have any questions, please contact me in writing at the letterhead address or by telephone at (608) 261-5405.

Sincerely,

Jon Heberer
Hydrogeologist
Site Review Section

cc: Meghan Dickoff, SCS BT Squared